

















Grid Peeling of the Square



[Sariel Har-Peled and Bernard Lidický 2013]



The $n \times n$ grid has $\Theta(n^{4/3})$ convex layers.

Affine Curve-Shortening Flow (ACSF)



[L. Alvarez, F. Guichard, P.-L. Lions, J.-M. Morel: "Axioms and fundamental equations of image processing" 1993]
[G. Sapiro and A. Tannenbaum: "Affine invariant scale-space." Int. J. Computer Vision 1993]





Conjecture:

David Eppstein, Sariel Har-Peled, and Gabriel Nivasch. Grid peeling and the affine curve shortening flow. Experimental Mathematics **29** (2020), 306–316

As the grid is more and more refined, grid peeling approaches the ACSF.

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$\label{eq:peeling} \text{Peeling and the ACSF}$





Graph Drawing and Combinatorial Geometry Workshop, Erdős Center, Budapest, November 13–17, 2023

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ACSF at time $T \approx$ Grid peeling on $\frac{1}{n}$ -grid after $C_g T n^{4/3}$ steps.

The value of the constant: (Moritz Rüber and Günter Rote)

$$C_g = \sqrt[3]{\frac{\pi^2}{2\zeta(3)}} \approx 1.60120980542577$$



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 \rightarrow Jeff Calder and Charles K Smart. The limit shape of convex hull peeling. Duke Math. J. (2020) random points



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Jeff Calder and Charles K. Smart. The limit shape of convex hull peeling. 2020 10000 random points in the shaded region



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Theorem: ACSF at time $T \approx$ Peeling on density- n^2 set after $C_r T n^{4/3}$ steps.

$$C_g pprox 1.6$$
, $C_r pprox 1.3$

• Invariant under affine transformations?





[Sergey Avvakumov and Gabriel Nivasch 2019]





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The parabola!





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Günter Rote, Freie Universität Berlin Grid peeling and the affine curve-shortening flow Graph Drawing and Combinatorial Geometry Workshop, Erdős Center, Budapest, November 13–17, 2023

The parabola!



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Conics maintain their shape under ACSF.

- Ellipses (and circles) *shrink* (and collapse to the center).
- Parabolas are *translated*.
- Hyperbolas *expand*.



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David Eppstein, Sariel Har-Peled, and Gabriel Nivasch 2020:



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THEOREM:
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The *n*-th layer of \mathbb{N}^2 is sandwiched between two hyperbolas:





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THEOREM. Parabola $y = ax^2/2 + bx + c$. Time T > 0. (A) ACSF = a vertical translation by $a^{1/3}T$. (B) Grid peeling with spacing 1/n for $m = \lfloor C_{g}Tn^{4/3} \rfloor$ steps: \implies vertical distance between (A) and (B) is $O\left(\frac{Ta^{2/3}\log\frac{n}{a}}{n^{1/3}}\right)$. ($\rightarrow 0$ for $n \rightarrow \infty$)



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Unimodular transformation: vertical axis \rightarrow axis with arbitrary rational slope

The "grid parabola" P_t

- integer parameter $t \ge 1$
- $S_t := \{ \text{ all slopes } a/b \text{ with } 0 < b \leq t \}$
- for each slope $a/b \in S_t$, take the longest integer vector

$$\binom{x}{y} = k\binom{b}{a} \quad (k \in \mathbb{Z})$$

with $0 < x \leq t$



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The "grid parabola" P_5



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The "grid parabola" P_5



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The "grid parabola" P_5



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The "grid parabola" P_5 Freie Universität t = 5



Theorem:

t odd: The polygon P_t repeats after t steps, one level higher. (t even: after t + 1 steps.)



Günter Rote, Freie Universität Berlin Grid pee







The minimum-area lattice *n*-gon





The minimum-area lattice *n*-gon

[Bárány and Tokushige, 2003] (*n* large) $P_1 P_2 P_3$ piecewise "parabolic" n n^2) 15

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The minimum-area lattice *n*-gon

[Bárány and Tokushige, 2003] (*n* large) $P_1 P_2 P_3$ piecewise "parabolic" n n^2 15conjectured

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Asymptotic period



 $H_1, H_2, \ldots = 1, 4, 11, 22, 43, 64, 107, 150, 211, 274, 385, \ldots$ [OEIS A174405]

$$H_t := \sum_{\substack{0 < y \le x \le t \\ \gcd(x,y) = 1}} \left\lfloor \frac{t}{x} \right\rfloor x = \sum_{1 \le i \le t} \sum_{d \mid i} d\varphi(d)$$

 $\alpha > (\alpha)$

$$H_t = \frac{2\zeta(3)}{\pi^2}t^3 + O(t^2\log t)$$

with $\zeta(3) = 1 + \frac{1}{2^3} + \frac{1}{3^3} + \frac{1}{4^3} + \dots \approx 1.2020569$
[Sándor and Kramer 1999]





General curves





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$$y = ax^2 + bx$$

average vertical speed depending on a (various values of b)





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average vertical speed depending on a (various values of b)











Günter Rote, Freie Universität Berlin

Grid peeling and the affine curve-shortening flow

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Random-set peeling



Jeff Calder and Charles K. Smart. The limit shape of convex hull peeling. 2020



semiconvex peeling, on a cylinder





JUMP RULES:

- jump to the *next* grid line of slope s
- fill the extended strip $[\bar{L}_s, \bar{R}_s]$ as much as possible

All possible grid lines of slope s=2/5

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Two adjacent slopes s, s'



