

Semester Report WS04/05 of Mathias Schacht

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Field of Research: Discrete Mathematics
Topic: Extremal problems for graphs and hypergraphs
Postdoc: at the program since August 2004

Field of Research and Results

Let \mathcal{F}_0 be a fixed k -uniform hypergraph. An (integer) \mathcal{F}_0 -packing in a given hypergraph \mathcal{H} is defined to be a set of copies of \mathcal{F}_0 in \mathcal{H} which are pairwise edge-disjoint. We denote the set of all copies of \mathcal{F}_0 in \mathcal{H} by $\binom{\mathcal{H}}{\mathcal{F}_0}$, and we write $\nu_{\mathcal{F}_0}(\mathcal{H})$ for the maximum size of an \mathcal{F}_0 -packing in \mathcal{H} . The problem of calculating $\nu_{\mathcal{F}_0}(\mathcal{H})$ is NP-complete. In fact this is true even for graphs F_0 that contain a connected component with at least three edges (see [1]). However, the fractional version of that problem can be solved in polynomial time by linear programming. A *fractional \mathcal{F}_0 -packing* in \mathcal{H} is a function

$$\psi: \binom{\mathcal{H}}{\mathcal{F}_0} \rightarrow [0, 1]$$

which satisfies for every $e \in E(\mathcal{H})$

$$\sum \left\{ \psi(\mathcal{F}) : \mathcal{F} \in \binom{\mathcal{H}}{\mathcal{F}_0} \text{ and } e \in \mathcal{F} \right\} \leq 1. \quad (1)$$

The weight $|\psi|$ of a fractional \mathcal{F}_0 -packing is $\sum \{ \psi(\mathcal{F}) : \mathcal{F} \in \binom{\mathcal{H}}{\mathcal{F}_0} \}$ and the fractional \mathcal{F}_0 -packing number $\nu_{\mathcal{F}_0}^*(\mathcal{H})$ for a given \mathcal{H} is $\max_{\psi} |\psi|$, where the maximum is taken over all fractional \mathcal{F}_0 -packings in \mathcal{H} . Clearly, $\nu_{\mathcal{F}_0}^*(\mathcal{H}) \geq \nu_{\mathcal{F}_0}(\mathcal{H})$. On the other hand, it is desirable to have a lower bound for $\nu_{\mathcal{F}_0}(\mathcal{H})$ in terms of $\nu_{\mathcal{F}_0}^*(\mathcal{H})$.

In [5] this problem was addressed for graphs. There the authors showed for every fixed graph F_0 and real $\xi > 0$ that

$$\nu_{F_0}(H) \geq \nu_{F_0}^*(H) - \xi |V(H)|^2 \quad \text{for } |V(H)| \text{ sufficiently large.} \quad (2)$$

Owing to (2) the NP-complete problem of determining $\nu_{F_0}(H)$ can be approximated in polynomial time for those graphs for which $\nu_{F_0}(H) = \Omega(|V(H)|^2)$.

Therefore this problem (in the graph case) is another example of an NP-complete problem which has a polynomial time approximation algorithm for an appropriately defined “dense case” . Moreover, the proof of (2) in [5] is constructive and gives a polynomial time algorithm for finding an (integer) \mathcal{F}_0 -packing in H of size $\nu_{\mathcal{F}_0}^*(H) - \xi|V(H)|^2$. The proof was based on the algorithmic version of Szemerédi’s Regularity Lemma and the algorithmic version (due to Grable [3]) of the packing theorem of Frankl and Rödl [2].

Subsequently in [4] the analogous inequality of (2) for 3-uniform hypergraphs was proved. The proof in [4] is based on the Regularity Method for 3-uniform hypergraphs and somewhat technical and quite long.

In collaboration with Rödl, Siggers, and Tokushige [7] we found a simpler proof based on an improved version of the Regularity Lemma for hypergraphs [6]. That proof extended to k -uniform hypergraphs.

Theorem 1. *For every integer $k \geq 2$, for every fixed k -uniform hypergraph \mathcal{F}_0 and every real $\xi > 0$ there exist n_0 such that for every k -uniform hypergraph \mathcal{H} on $n \geq n_0$ vertices*

$$\nu_{\mathcal{F}_0}(\mathcal{H}) \geq \nu_{\mathcal{F}_0}^*(\mathcal{H}) - \xi n^k.$$

Recently Yuster [8] proved a sufficient condition under which a hypergraph \mathcal{H} admits fractional \mathcal{F}_0 -decomposition, i.e., a fractional \mathcal{F}_0 -packing ψ^* which satisfies (1) with equality for every $e \in E(\mathcal{H})$. For a real $0 \leq \gamma \leq 1$ we say a k -uniform hypergraph \mathcal{H} on n vertices is γ -dense if for every $i = 1, \dots, k - 1$

$$\min_{I \in \binom{[n]}{i}} |\{e \in E(\mathcal{H}) : e \supset I\}| \geq \gamma \binom{n-i}{k-i}.$$

Theorem 2 (Yuster [8]). *For every k -uniform hypergraph \mathcal{F}_0 there exists an $\alpha > 0$ and some n_0 , such that for all $n > n_0$ every k -uniform, $(1-\alpha)$ -dense hypergraph \mathcal{H} on n vertices admits a fractional \mathcal{F}_0 -decomposition.*

The corollary below follows from a combined application of Theorem 1 and Theorem 2.

Corollary 3. *For every k -uniform hypergraph \mathcal{F}_0 , and for all $\eta > 0$, there exists an $\alpha > 0$ and some n_0 , such that for all $n > n_0$ every k -uniform, $(1 - \alpha)$ -dense hypergraph \mathcal{H} on n vertices admits an (integer) \mathcal{F}_0 -packing that covers $(1 - \eta)|E(\mathcal{H})|$ of the edges.*

Activities

- Jointly with Ehud Friedgut (Jerusalem) and Vojtěch Rödl we taught the **DIMATIA DOCCOURSE 2005** for doctoral students on “Modern Methods in Ramsey Theory” at the Charles University in Prague (01-02/2005).
- Talks “On the Regularity Method for hypergraphs” given at:
 - 4th Annual Workshop on Combinatorics, Geometry, and Computation, Stels (10/2004)
 - DIMACS/DIMATIA/Rényi Working Group on Extremal Combinatorics II, DIMACS Center, Rutgers University, Piscataway (10/2004)
 - Kolloquium über Kombinatorik, Magdeburg
 - Discrete Mathematics Seminar, A. Mickiewicz University, Poznań (11/2004)
 - Graduiertenkolleg Angewandte Algorithmische Mathematik, Technische Universität München (12/2004)
- Talks on “Discrepancy and Eigenvalues of Cayley graphs” given at:
 - SIAM Seminar, Emory University, Atlanta (10/2004)
 - Theoretical Computer Science Seminar, ETH Zürich (01/2005)
- Seminars and Learn- & Workshop of the research group “Algorithms, Structure, Randomness”

Preview

I was granted funding for “One’s own position” by the Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft and I will leave the graduate program in the middle of Februar 2005.

References

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- [6] V. Rödl and M. Schacht, *Regular partitions of hypergraphs*, manuscript (45 pages).
- [7] V. Rödl, M. Schacht, M. Siggers, and N. Tokushige, *Integer and fractional packings of hypergraphs*, submitted.
- [8] R. Yuster, *Fractional decompositions of dense hypergraphs*, submitted.